



Economic Growth Region 10

Statistical Data Report for February 2014, Released April 2014

Regional and State Unemployment (seasonally adjusted)

Regional and state unemployment rates were generally little changed in February. Twenty-nine states had unemployment rate decreases from January, ten states had increases, and eleven states and the District of Columbia had no change, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported. Forty-nine states and the District of Columbia had unemployment rate decreases from a year earlier and one state had no change. The national jobless rate, 6.7 percent, was little changed from January, but was 1.0 percentage point lower than in February 2013.

Rhode Island continued to have the highest unemployment rate among the states in February, 9.0 percent. North Dakota again had the lowest jobless rate, 2.6 percent. In total, Twenty-two states had jobless rates significantly lower than the U.S. figure of 6.7 percent, six states had measurably higher rates, and twenty-two states and the District of Columbia had rates that were not substantially different from that of the nation.



Economic Growth Region (EGR) 10

Clark, Crawford, Floyd, Harrison, Scott, and Washington Counties.

Unemployment Rates by State, February 2014

(seasonally adjusted)

U.S. - 6.7%
 Illinois - 8.7%
Indiana - 6.1%
 Kentucky - 7.8%
 Michigan - 7.7%
 Ohio - 6.5%

Source: U.S. Department of Labor,
 U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Unemployment Rank by County, February 2014

(high to low)

#4 - Crawford 9.3%
 #12 - Washington 8.7%
 #35- Harrison 7.5%
 #48 - Scott 6.8%
 #51 - Clark 6.7%
 #53 - Floyd 6.6%

Source: Indiana Dept. of Workforce
 Development, Research and Analysis,
 Local Area Unemployment Statistics

February 2014 Labor Force Estimates (not seasonally adjusted)						
Area	Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed	Feb 2014 Rate	Jan 2014 Rate	Feb 2013 Rate
U.S.	155,027,000	144,134,000	10,893,000	7.0%	7.0%	8.1%
IN	3,180,313	2,961,746	218,567	6.9%	6.5%	8.6%
EGR 10	144,435	134,234	10,201	7.1%	6.6%	8.6%
Clark Co.	56,666	52,891	3,775	6.7%	6.2%	8.1%
Crawford Co.	5,245	4,755	490	9.3%	9.0%	11.6%
Floyd Co.	37,746	35,259	2,487	6.6%	6.1%	8.0%
Harrison Co.	20,041	18,541	1,500	7.5%	6.8%	8.8%
Scott Co.	11,050	10,297	753	6.8%	6.7%	9.1%
Washington Co.	13,687	12,491	1,196	8.7%	8.1%	10.4%
Corydon	1,522	1,411	111	7.3%	7.0%	8.8%
Jeffersonville	22,714	21,403	1,311	5.8%	5.4%	6.8%
New Albany	17,468	16,120	1,348	7.7%	7.1%	9.3%
Salem	2,834	2,492	342	12.1%	10.8%	11.5%
Scottsburg	3,086	2,885	201	6.5%	6.2%	8.3%

Consumer Price Index (CPI-U Change), Unadjusted Percent Change to February 2014 from:

CPI Item	Feb-13	Jan-14	Feb-13	Jan-14
	Midwest Region*		U.S. City	
All Items	0.9%	0.6%	1.1%	0.4%
Food & Beverages	1.6%	0.5%	1.4%	0.3%
Housing	2.1%	0.4%	2.5%	0.3%
Apparel	-0.2%	1.6%	-0.6%	1.0%
Transportation	-3.2%	0.8%	-2.2%	0.6%
Medical Care	2.9%	0.8%	2.3%	0.7%
Recreation	0.0%	0.6%	0.3%	0.3%
Education & Communication	1.1%	0.4%	1.1%	0.0%
Other Goods & Services	2.6%	-0.1%	1.9%	0.2%

*Midwest region = Midwest Urban Average. Midwest Region includes Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota and Wisconsin

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Unemployment Claims, February 2014

Economic Growth Region (EGR) 10

Initial Claims

February 1, 2014 – 323
February 8, 2014 – 201 (D)
February 15, 2014 – 196
February 22, 2014 – 113 (D)

Continued Claims

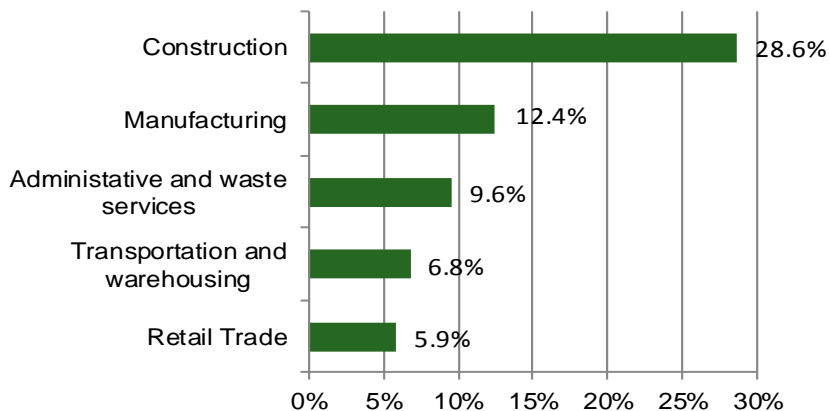
February 1, 2014 – 2,245
February 8, 2014 – 2,196
February 15, 2014 – 1,889
February 22, 2014 – 1,811

Total Claims*

February 1, 2014 – 2,568
February 8, 2014 – 2,397
February 15, 2014 – 2,085
February 22, 2014 – 1,924

Percentage of Unemployment Claims for Top Five Region 10 Industries, February 2014

Distribution as a Percent of Total



Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, UI Statistics

WARN Notices

WARN Notices for Region 10 - February 2014

Company	City	County	Affected Workers	Notice Date
In-Store Merchandising & HAD Inc	Statewide	Statewide	85	2/4/2014

For information on WARN Act requirements, you may go to the U.S. Department of Labor Employment Training Administration Fact Sheet:
<http://www.doleta.gov/programs/factsht/warn.htm>

State of Indiana

Initial Claims

February 1, 2014 – 6,923
February 8, 2014 – 5,458
February 15, 2014 – 4,967
February 22, 2014 – 3,882

Continued Claims

February 1, 2014 – 58,672
February 8, 2014 – 57,160
February 15, 2014 – 48,657
February 22, 2014 – 47,405

Total Claims*

February 1, 2014 – 65,627
February 8, 2014 – 62,636
February 15, 2014 – 53,637
February 22, 2014 – 51,287

D' indicates item is affected by non-disclosure issues relating to industry or ownership status.

Total claims include EUC (Emergency Unemployment Compensation) and EB (State Extended Benefits). Please see Hoosiers by the Numbers for additional information.

Source: Indiana Department of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, UI Statistics

Major work stoppings in 2013

(Excerpted from the U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, *The Editor's Desk* —February 26, 2014)

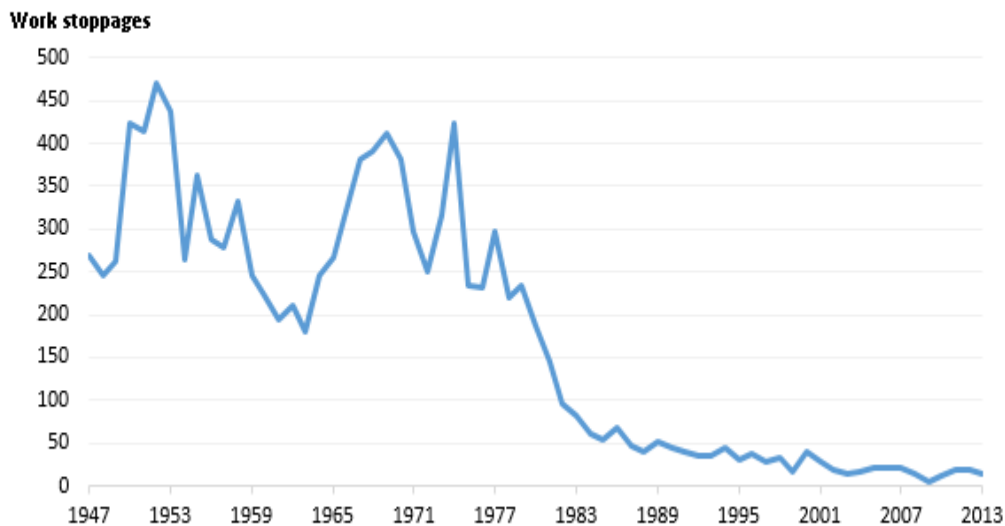
Fifteen major strikes and lockouts began in 2013 that involved at least 1,000 workers and lasted at least one shift. The number was down from 19 major work stoppages that began during 2012.

There were 290,000 days idle from major work stoppages in 2013, also lower than 2012 with 1.13 million days idle.

Two-thirds of the major work stoppages lasted 3 days or less in 2013; state and local government accounted for 60 percent of them. Over half were in California.

The work stoppage between the New York City Public Schools and the Amalgamated Transit Union Local 1181 was the longest that began in 2013, lasting 30 days. It also resulted in 176,000 days idle; the most days idle of any major work stoppage in 2013. The greatest number of workers involved in a major work stoppage beginning in 2013 was between the University of California Medical Centers and American Federation of State County and Municipal Employees Local 3299 (including the University Professional and Technical Employees Union for one day), involving as many as 18,800 workers.

Number of work stoppages involving 1,000 or more workers for at least one shift, 1947–2013



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Source, United States Department of labor, Bureau of labor Statistics:
http://www.bls.gov/news.release/archives/wkstp_02122014.pdf

Applicant Pool

Top 20 Occupations Desired by Active Applicants on Their Resumes in the Past 12 Months

- 1 Customer Service Representatives -359
- 2 Office Clerks, General -217
- 3 Production Workers, All Other -162
- 4 Cashiers -138
- 5 Nursing Assistants -119
- 6 Managers, All Other -118
- 7 Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand -113
- 8 Administrative Services Managers -104
- 9 Assemblers and Fabricators, All Other -100
- 10 Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks -97
- 11 Helpers--Production Workers -94
- 12 Stock Clerks- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard -92
- 13 Receptionists and Information Clerks -91
- 14 Office and Administrative Support Workers, All Other -88
- 15 Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive -80
- 16 Executive Secretaries and Executive Administrative Assistants -70
- 17 Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers -64
- 18 Retail Salespersons -55
- 19 Data Entry Keyers -54
- 20 Retail Salespersons -58

Source: Indiana Department of Workforce Development, Indiana Career Connect

Median weekly earnings at \$786, fourth quarter 2013

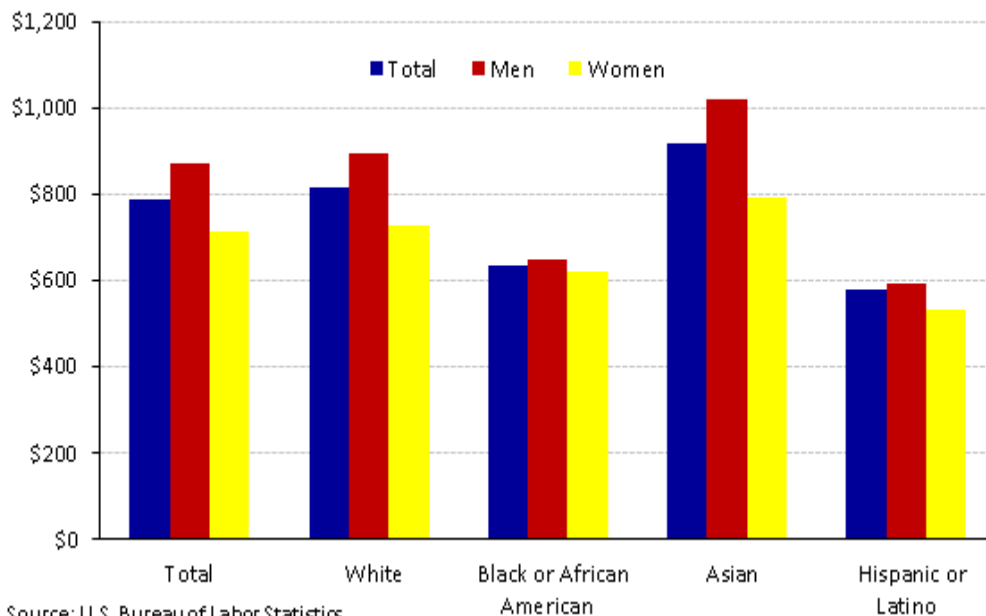
(Excerpted from the U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, *The Editor's Desk* —February 4, 2014)

Median weekly earnings of the nation's 104.8 million full-time wage and salary workers were \$786 in the fourth quarter of 2013 (not seasonally adjusted). Women who usually worked full time had median weekly earnings of \$713, or 82.0 percent of the \$869 median for men.

Among the major race and ethnicity groups, median weekly earnings for Black men working at full-time jobs were \$646 per week, or 72.1 percent of the median for White men (\$896). The difference was less among women, as Black women's median earnings (\$621) were 85.3 percent of those for White women (\$728). Overall, median earnings of Hispanics who worked full time (\$576) were lower than those of Blacks (\$632), Whites (\$813), and Asians (\$916).

The women's-to-men's earnings ratio varied by race and ethnicity. White women earned 81.3 percent as much as their male counterparts compared with Black (96.1 percent), Asian (77.7 percent), and Hispanic women (89.4 percent).

Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by race and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, not seasonally adjusted, fourth quarter 2013



Source, United States Department of labor, Bureau of labor Statistics:
http://www.bls.gov/news.release/archives/wkyeng_01222014.pdf

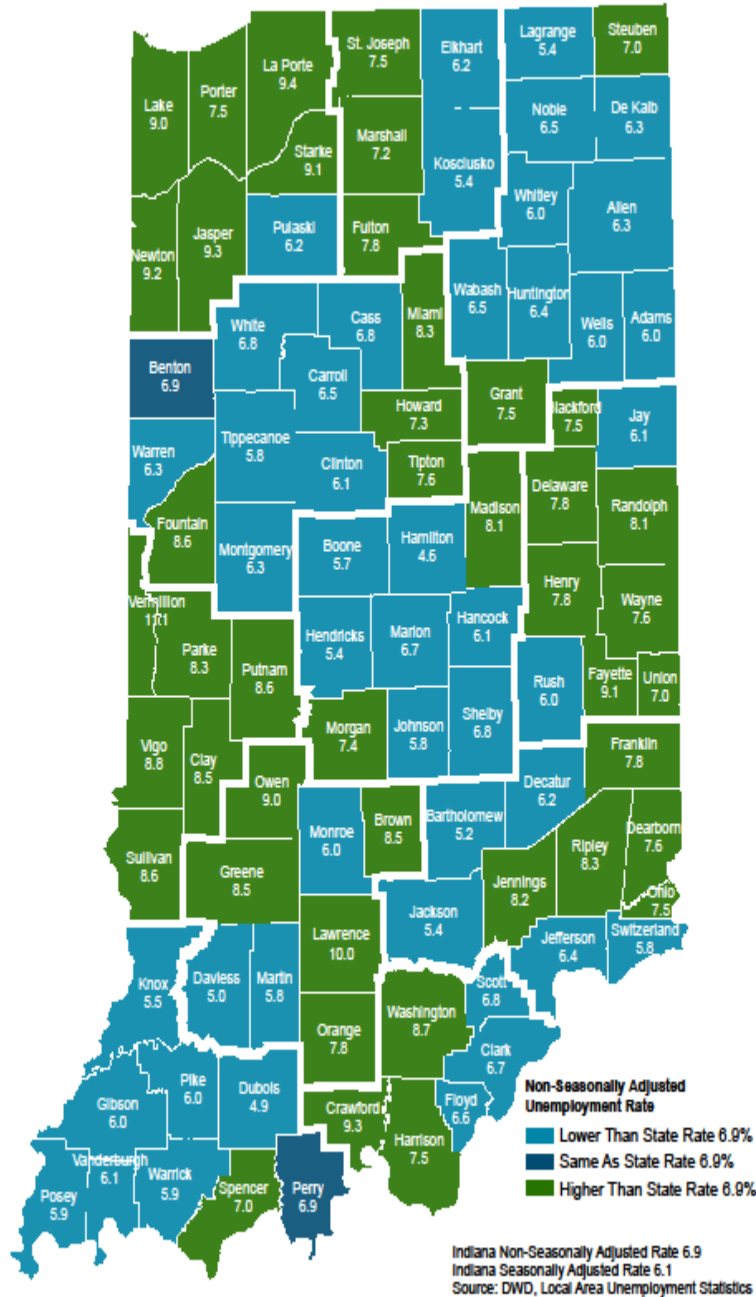
Frequently Listed Jobs

Top 20 Job listings by number of openings in Region 10 for the month of February 2014

- 1 Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand
- 2 Personal Care Aides
- 3 Customer Service Representatives
- 4 Production Workers, All Other
- 5 Education, Training, and Library Workers, All Other
- 6 Helpers--Production Workers
- 7 Postal Service Mail Carriers
- 8 Team Assemblers
- 9 Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers
- 10 Registered Nurses
- 11 Telecommunications Line Installers and Repairers
- 12 Tour Guides and Escorts
- 13 Cabinetmakers and Bench Carpenters
- 14 Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Workers, All Other
- 15 Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators
- 16 Maintenance and Repair Workers, General
- 17 Therapists, All Other
- 18 Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria
- 19 Janitors and Cleaners, Except Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners
- 20 Counter Attendants, Cafeteria, Food Concession, and Coffee Shop

Source: Indiana Department of Workforce Development, Indiana Career Connect

County Unemployment Rates February 2014



INDIANA
WORKFORCE
 DEVELOPMENT
 AND ITS **WorkOne** CENTERS

Questions?

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